

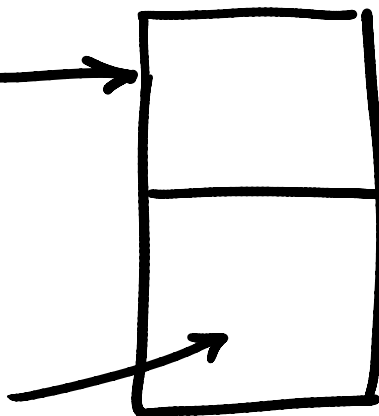
$$Q^{IN} = 0.5 \text{ L/min}$$

$$C_H^{IN} = 0.1 \text{ mol/L}$$

$$@ t = 0$$

$$V = 10 \text{ L}$$

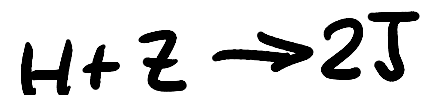
$$C_Z = 1.0 \text{ mol/L}$$



H = HYTREPHYL

Z = ZEFRON

J = JORKLBA



$$R_H = -0.06 C_H$$

i) OVERALL MOLE BALANCE

$$ACC = IN - \cancel{OUT} + \cancel{GEN}$$

$$\frac{d(CV)}{dt} = C^{IN} Q^{IN}$$

← NOTE THAT THE
NUMBER OF MOLES
CONSUMED = NUMBER
OF MOLES GENERATED

SINCE STREAMS ARE DILUTE

$$C^{IN} = C = C_{WATER}$$

so, $\frac{dV}{dt} = Q^{IN}$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 0.5$$

INTEGRATING...

$$V = 0.5t + 10$$

V is in $[L]$
 t is in $[min]$

@ $t = 10_{min}$ $V = 15L$

ii) AMOUNT OF HYTREPHYL ADDED =
 $(10 \text{ min})(0.5 \text{ L/min})(0.1 \text{ mol/L}) = \underline{\underline{0.5 \text{ moles}}}$

iii) HYTREPHYL MOLE BALANCE

$$ACC = IN - \cancel{OUT} + GEN$$

$$\frac{d(c_H V)}{dt} = c_H^{IN} Q^{IN} + R_H V$$

$$\frac{d(c_H V)}{dt} = (0.1)(0.5) - 0.06 c_H V$$

$$V \frac{dc_H}{dt} + c_H \frac{dV}{dt} = 0.05 - 0.06 c_H V$$

$$(0.5t + 10) \frac{dc_H}{dt} + 0.5c_H = 0.05 - 0.06(0.5t + 10)c_H$$

OR

$$\frac{dc_H}{dt} + \left[\frac{0.5}{0.5t + 10} + 0.06 \right] c_H = \frac{0.05}{0.5t + 10}$$

iv)

DIFF. EQ HAS FORM

$$\frac{dc_H}{dt} + a(t)c_H = f(t)$$

FIND INTEGRATING FACTOR

$$p(t) = e^{\int a(t) dt}$$

$$p(t) = e^{\int \left(\frac{0.5}{0.5t+10} + 0.06 \right) dt}$$

$$\int \frac{0.5}{0.5t+10} dt = \ln(0.5t+10)$$

$$\int 0.06 dt = 0.06t$$

$$\text{so } p(t) = \exp[\ln(0.5t+10) + 0.06t]$$

$$p(t) = (0.5t+10) e^{0.06t}$$

DIFF. EQN. BECOMES ...

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[(0.5t+10)e^{0.06t} C_H \right] = \left(\frac{0.05}{0.5t+10} \right) (0.5t+10) e^{0.06t}$$

$$(0.5t+10)e^{0.06t} C_H = \int 0.05 e^{0.06t} dt$$

$$= 0.833 e^{0.06t} + 0.833C$$

$$C_H = \frac{0.833}{0.5t+10} \left[1 + C e^{-0.06t} \right]$$

FIND CONSTANT OF INTEGRATION C...

INITIAL CONDITION... @ $t=0$ $C_H=0$

$$0 = \frac{0.833}{10} [1 + C e^0]$$

$$\text{SO } C = -1$$

$$C_H = \frac{0.833}{0.5t + 10} [1 - e^{-0.06t}]$$

v)

$$AT \quad t = 10 \text{ min}$$

$$C_H = \frac{0.833}{0.5(10) + 10} \left[1 - e^{-0.06(10)} \right]$$

$$= 0.0555 [0.451]$$

$$C_H = 0.025 \text{ mol/L}$$

vi) AT $t = 10 \text{ min}$ $V = 15 \text{ L}$

$$C_H = 0.025 \text{ mol/L}$$

$$\text{THUS } n_H = (0.025 \text{ mol/L})(15 \text{ L}) = 0.376 \text{ moles}$$

↑
THIS IS AMOUNT
OF H
REMAINING

$$X = \frac{\text{MOLES H CONS}}{\text{MOLES H FED}}$$

$$X = \frac{0.500 - 0.376}{0.500} = \underline{\underline{24.9\%}}$$

vii) AT $t = 10$ min

$$\begin{aligned}\text{MOLES OF H CONSUMED} &= 0.500 - 0.376 \\ &= 0.124 \text{ moles H}\end{aligned}$$

$$0.124 \text{ moles H}_{\text{CONSUMED}} \times \frac{2 \text{ moles J GEN}}{1 \text{ mol H CONS}} = 0.248 \text{ moles J}$$

$$C_J = \frac{0.248 \text{ moles}}{15 \text{ L}} = \underline{\underline{0.0166 \text{ mol/L}}}$$

viii)

HYTREPYL MOLE BALANCE

$$Q^{IN} = 0$$

$$ACC = \cancel{IN} - \cancel{OUT} + GEN$$

$$\frac{d(C_H V)}{dt} = V R_H$$

V IS NOW
CONSTANT

$$\frac{dC_H}{dt} = -0.06 C_H$$

$$C_H = C e^{-0.06 t}$$

$$\text{AT } t = 10 \text{ min } C_H = 0.025 \text{ mol/L}$$

SEE PART v) ABOVE

$$\text{So } 0.025 = C e^{-0.06(10)}$$

$$C = 0.0456$$

$$C_H = 0.0456 e^{-0.06t}$$

$$\text{AT } t = 20 \text{ min } C_H = 0.0137 \text{ mol/L}$$

$$n_H = (15 \text{ L})(0.0137 \text{ mol/L}) = 0.2059 \frac{\text{moles}}{\text{L}}$$

$$\chi = \frac{0.50 - 0.2059}{0.50} = \underline{\underline{58.8\%}}$$